## ESM-7730 $72 \times 72$ DIN Size Universal Input PID Process Controller

- 4 digits process value (PV) and 4 digits process set value (SV) display

- Dual or multi point calibration for =-_ Voltage / Current input
- Configurable ON/OFF, P, PI, PD and PID control forms
- Adaptation of PID coefficients to the system with Auto-tune and Self-tune
- Manual/Automatic mode selection for control output
- Bumpless transfer
- Programmable heating, cooling and alarm functions for control Output

Instruction manual of ESM-7730 process controller consists of two main sections. Also, there are other sections which includes order information and technical specifications of the device. All titles and page numbers in instruction manual are in "CONTENTS" section. User can reach to any title with section number.

## Installation:

In this section, physical dimensions of the device, panel mounting, electrical wiring, physical and electrical installation of the device to the system are explained.

## Operation and Parameters:

In this section, user interface of the device, how to access to the parameters, description of parameters are explained.

Also in these sections, there are warnings to prevent serious injury while doing the physical and electrical mounting or using the device.

Explanation of the symbols which are used in these sections are given below.


This symbol is used for safety warnings. User must pay attention to these warnings.


This symbol is used to determine the dangerous situations as a result of an electric shock. User must pay attention to these warnings definitely.
(i)

This symbol is used to determine the important notes about functions and usage of the device.
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## EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Manufacturer Company Name : Emko Elektronik A.S..
Manufacturer Company Address: DOSAB, Karanfil Sokak, No:6, 16369 Bursa, Turkiye
The manufacturer hereby declares that the product conforms to the following standards and conditions.

Product Name : Process Controller
Model Number : ESM-7730
Type Number : ESM-7730
Product Category : Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use

Conforms to the following directives:
2006 / 95 / EC The Low Voltage Directive
2004 / 108 / EC The Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive
has been designed and manufactured to the following specifications :
EN 61000-6-4:2007 EMC Generic Emission Standard for the Industrial Environments
EN 61000-6-2:2005 EMC Generic Immunity Standard for the Industrial Environments
EN 61010-1:2001 Safety Requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control And laboratory use

When and Where Issued
$16^{\text {th }}$ October 2009
Bursa-TURKEY

## Authorized Signature

Name : Serpil YAKIN
Position : Quality Manager

## 1.Preface

ESM series process controllers are designed for measuring and controlling temperature and any process value. They can be used in many applications with their universal process input, control outputs, selectable alarm functions.

Some application fields and an application which they are used are listed below:

```
Application Fields Application
Glass
Plastic
Petro-Chemistry
Textile
Automative
Machine production industries
```

1.1 General Specifications

1.2 Ordering Information


## A Supply Voltage

| 1 | $100-240 \mathrm{~V} \sim(-15 \% ;+10 \%) 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| :---: | :--- |
| 2 | $24 \mathrm{~V} \sim(-15 \% ;+10 \%) 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \quad 24 \mathrm{~V}=-\mathrm{o}(-15 \% ;+10 \%)$ |

9 Customer (Maximum 240V ~ $(-15 \% ;+10 \%)) 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$

| BC | Input Type | Scale |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 20 | Configurable (Table-1) | Table-1 |
| D | Serial Communication |  |
| 0 | None |  |


| E | Output-1 |
| :---: | :--- |
| 1 | Relay Output (5A@250 $\sim$ ~ at resistive load) |


| FF | Output-2 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 01 | Relay Output (5A@250 $\sim$ ~ at resistive load) |


| HI | Output-3 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 02 | SSR Driver Output ( Maximum 17 mA, 25V =-- ) |

Table-1


| BC | Input Type(RTD) | Scale $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | Scale $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 39 | PT 100, IEC751(ITS90) | $-200^{\circ}, 650^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-328^{\circ} \mathrm{F}, 1202^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |
| 40 | PT 100, IEC751(ITS90) | $-199.9^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 650.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-199.9^{\circ} \mathrm{F}, 999.9^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |



All order information of ESM-7730 are given on the table at left. User may form appropriate device configuration from information and codes that at the table and convert it to the ordering codes.

Firstly, supply voltage then other specifications must be determined. Please fill the order code blanks according to your needs.

Please contact us, if your needs are out of the standards.

$\sim \Rightarrow \mathrm{Vac}$,
$=\Rightarrow \mathrm{Vdc}$
$\approx \Rightarrow \mathrm{Vdc}$ or Vac can be applied

### 1.3 Warranty

EMKO Elektronik warrants that the equipment delivered is free from defects in material and workmanship. This warranty is provided for a period of two years. The warranty period starts from the delivery date. This warranty is in force if duty and responsibilities which are determined in warranty document and instruction manual performs by the customer completely.

### 1.4 Maintenance

Repairs should only be performed by trained and specialized personnel. Cut power to the device before accessing internal parts.
Do not clean the case with hydrocarbon-based solvents (Petrol, Trichlorethylene etc.). Use of these solvents can reduce the mechanical reliability of the device. Use a cloth dampened in ethyl alcohol or water to clean the external plastic case.

## 2.Installation



Before beginning installation of this product, please read the instruction manual and warnings below carefully.

In package,

- One piece unit
- Two pieces mounting clamps
- One piece instruction manual

A visual inspection of this product for possible damage occured during shipment is recommended before installation. It is your responsibility to ensure that qualified mechanical and electrical technicians install this product.

If there is danger of serious accident resulting from a failure or defect in this unit, power off the system and separate the electrical connection of the device from the system.

The unit is normally supplied without a power switch or a fuse. Use power switch and fuse as required.

Be sure to use the rated power supply voltage to protect the unit against damage and to prevent failure.

Keep the power off until all of the wiring is completed so that electric shock and trouble with the unit can be prevented.

Never attempt to disassemble, modify or repair this unit. Tampering with the unit may results in malfunction, electric shock or fire.

Do not use the unit in combustible or explosive gaseous atmospheres.
During the equipment is putted in hole on the metal panel while mechanical installation some metal burrs can cause injury on hands, you must be careful.

Montage of the product on a system must be done with it's fixing clamps. Do not do the montage of the device with inappropriate fixing clamp. Be sure that device will not fall while doing the montage.

It is your responsibility if this equipment is used in a manner not specified in this instruction manual.


### 2.2 Dimensions




### 2.4 Environmental Ratings

Operating Conditions


Operating Temperature : 0 to $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$


Max. Operating Humidity : 90\% Rh (non-condensing)

Altitude
: Up to 2000m.


Forbidden Conditions:
Corrosive atmosphere
Explosive atmosphere
Home applications (The unit is only for industrial applications)

### 2.5 Panel Mounting



During installation into a metal panel, care should be taken to avoid injury from metal burrs which might be present. The equipment can loosen from vibration and become dislodged if installation parts are not properly tightened. These precautions for the safety of the person who does the panel mounting.


The unit is designed for panel mounting.

1-Insert the unit in the panel cut-out from the front side.

2- Insert the mounting clamps to the holes that located top and bottom sides of device and screw up the fixing screws until the unit completely immobile within the panel


Montage of the unit to a system must be done with it's own fixing clamps. Do not do the montage of the device with inappropriate fixing clamps. Be sure that device will not fall while doing the montage.

### 2.7 Removing from the Panel



Before starting to remove the unit from panel, power off the unit and the related system.


1-Loosen the screws.
2-Pull mounting clamps from top and bottom fixing sockets.

3-Pull the unit through the front side of the panel

You must ensure that the device is correctly configured for your application.
 Incorrect configuration could result in damage to the process being controlled, and/or personal injury. It is your responsibility, as the installer, to ensure that the configuration is correct.
Parameters of the device has factory default values. These parameters must be set according to the system's needs.


Only qualified personnel and technicians should work on this equipment. This equipment contains internal circuits with voltage dangerous to human life. There is severe danger for human life in the case of unauthorized intervention.


Be sure to use the rated power supply voltage to protect the unit against damage and to prevent failure.


Keep the power off until all of the wiring is completed so that electric shock and trouble with the unit can be prevented.

### 3.1 Terminal Layout and Connection Instructions



6 mm / 0.236 inch Wire Size: 18 AWG / 1 mm ${ }^{2}$ Solid/Stranded

18 screws terminal M3


Empty terminals


Torque 0.5 Nm

Screw driver


Electrical wiring of the device must be the same as 'Electrical Wiring Diagram' below to prevent damage to the process being controlled and personnel injury.


Process Output
or
Alarm Output-2
Relay

Alarm Output-1
Relay

100-240V~ (-15\%;+10\%) $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$-6VA
24 V ~ (-15\%;+10\%) $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}-6 \mathrm{VA}$ 24V =- (-15\%;+10\%) - 6W
12V $=-(-15 \% ;+10 \%)-6 W$
(It must be determined in order)


## Universal Supply

 Voltage Connection

Low Voltage $24 \mathrm{~V} 乞$
Supply Voltage Input


Note-1 :There is an internal $33 \mathrm{R} \Omega$ fusible flameproof resistor in $100-240 \mathrm{~V} \sim 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ supply voltage input
There is an internal $4 R 7 \Omega$ fusible flameproof resistor in $24 \mathrm{~V} \sim 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}, 24 \mathrm{~V}=-$ supply voltage input
Note-2: " $L$ " is (+)," $N$ " is ( - ) for $24 V=-\quad$ supply voltage
Note-3 : External fuse is recommended.


Make sure that the power supply voltage is the same indicated on the instrument.
Switch on the power supply only after that all the electrical connections have been completed.
Supply voltage range must be determined in order. While installing the unit, supply voltage range must be controlled and appropriate supply voltage must be applied to the unit. Controlling prevents damages in unit and system and possible accidents as a result of incorrect supply voltage.


There is no power supply switch on the device. So a power supply switch must be added to the supply voltage input. In accordance with the safety regulations, the power supply switch shall bring the identification of the relevant instrument.Power supply switch shall be easily accessible by the user.
Power switch must be two poled for seperating phase and neutral. On/Off condition of power switch is very important in electrical connection. On/Off condition of power switch must be signed for preventing the wrong connection.

If an external fuse is used, it must be on phase connection in ~supply input. If an external fuse is used, it must be on (+) line connection in $=$ - supply input.


The instrument is protected with an internal fuse (Please refer to Note1 for information). In case of failure it is suggested to return the instrument to the manufacturer for repair.

### 3.5.1 TC (Thermocouple) Connection



Connect the wires with the polarity as shown in the figure at left.

Always use compensation wire corresponding to the thermocouple used. If present, the shield must be connected to a proper ground.


Always use compensation wire corresponding to the thermocouple used. If present, the shield must be connected to a proper ground.


Input resistance is greater than $10 \mathrm{M} \Omega$

### 3.5.2 RTD Connection



3-wire Pt-100 connection (with line compensation)
(Max. Line impedance is $10 \Omega$ )


2-wire Pt-100 connection (without line compensation)

Note 1: In 3-wire system, use always cables of the same diameter ( $\mathrm{min} 1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ) Always use wires of the same gauge and type whether a 2-wire or 3-wire system.
Note 2 : Install a jumper between terminals 2 and 3 when using a 2-wire RTD.
Note 3 : If the distance is longer than 10 meters, use 3-wire system
3.5.3 Connection of Serial Transmitters With Current Output (Loop Powered) to the Process Input

Transmitter connection by using supply voltage on the device


Transmitter connection by using external supply voltage source.


Note 1 : External power supply must be selected according to supply voltage range and required current for transmitter.


Input resistance is $2 R 7 \Omega$.

### 3.5.4 Connection of 3 -wire Transmitters with Current Output to the Process Input

Transmitter connection by using supply voltage on the device


Transmitter connection by using external supply voltage source.


Note-1 : External power supply must be selected according to supply voltage range and required current for transmitter.

Input resistance is $2 R 7 \Omega$.

### 3.5.5 Connection of Transmitters with Voltage Output to the Process Input

Transmitter connection by using supply voltage on the device


Transmitter connection by using external supply voltage source.


Note-1 : External power supply must be selected according to supply voltage range and required current for transmitter.


Input resistance is greater than $10 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ for $0 \ldots 50 \mathrm{mV}=-$
Input resistance is $43 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ for $0 . . .10 \mathrm{~V}=-$

4. Output Connection Forms in ESM-7730 Process Controllers
4.1 Process Output ( SSR Driver Output ) Connection

Device


Fuses must be selected according to the applications.

### 4.2 Alarm Output-1 Relay Connection



Fuses must be selected according to the applications.


Fuses must be selected according to the applications.
5. Definition of Front Panel and Accessing to the Menus

### 5.1 Front Panel Definition

LED indication of ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ : Centigrade Unit

Led indication of Automatic Operation (For Process Output)

LED indication of ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ Fahrenheit Unit LED indication of units
other than ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ LED indication of Process status LED indication of Output-1 status
LED indication of
Output-2 status
$\qquad$
Led indication of AT, Autotune is active, PSET, Process set value
ASET1, Alarm-1 set value
ASET2, Alarm-2 set value

Menu button This button is used to access to the all menus and to move up to another menu in the menu list

## Note-1

This button is used to decrease the parameter value and access to the program menus. Also it is AT (Auto Tune Yes/No) button. For details on RLE parameter, refer to Section 6.2.1

Note-1
This button is used to increase the parameter value and access to the program menus.
Also it is Automatic or Manual Operation
Form Selection button

Note-1: If increment or decrement button is pressed for 5 seconds continuously, increment and decrement number become 10, if increment or decrement button is pressed for 10 seconds continuously, increment and decrement number become 100.

### 5.2 Observation of Software Revision on the Bottom Display When Power in On

When the power is applied to the device all led indicators and display segments are momentarily illuminated for testing. Software revision number of the controller is momentarily illuminated on the bottom display.


When power is on, display of the device is like below:


First segments of top and bottom displays are tested


Fourth segments of top and bottom displays are tested.


Second segments of top and bottom displays are tested.


All leds are energised. On bottom display revision number is shown. Revision number is " 07 ".


Third segments of top and bottom displays are tested.


Main operation screen is shown


If there is an unexpected situation while opening the device, power off the device and inform a qualified personnel.


When set button is pressed, PSET LED starts to flash., "PSET" is shown on top display and process set value is shown on bottom display.


Set value can be changed with increment and decrement buttons


For saving Set value a nd accessing to the other Set values, press Set button.


For saving the set value and turn to the operation screen press Set button

If oLaF parameter in PCnF menu is $\quad \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{RL}-\boldsymbol{2}$ ? parameter is accessible. If it is
(i)

For exiting without saving Set value, press menu ("P") button.
5.4 Easy Access Diagram For Program Parameters


Note-1: According to the
.55L Parameter selection, another parameter can be used instead of $L[5 L$ parameter and Linic
parameter can not be observed
Note-2:If [LYP parameter in $P[\cap F$ [onF section is Pid, then these parameters can be observed

Please refer to the Section 6. Parameters for detailed information about parameters and menus.



Note-3:This menu can be observed if o[nFparameter in P[nF [onF section is selected

Please refer to the Section 6.Parameters for detailed information about Parameters and menus.
5.5 Accessing to the Technician Menu

The parameters have been divided into groups according to their functions. Every group has a title and firstly user must determine the title (menu) for accessing to the parameters. Refer to the parameters section for detailed information about parameters.


Technician can access to the former menu by pressing menu changing back button.


Technician can access to the following menu by pressing menu changing next button


DiSP List Menu
It defines which parameter will be shown on top and bottom display

Technician can access to the following menu by pressing menu changing next button


PINP CONF Menu
Configuration parameters of process input

Technician can access to the former menu by pressing menu changing back button.


Technician can access to the
following menu by pressing menu changing next button

PID CONF Menu
PID algorithm parameters

Technician can access to the former menu by pressing menu changing back button.

Technician can access to the former menu by pressing menu changing back button.

Technician can access to the former menu by pressing menu changing back button.

This parameter is accessible if $\square[\cap F]$ parameter in PCnF menu is

Technician can access to the former menu by pressing menu changing back button.


Technician can access to the following menu by pressing menu changing next button

## ALn1 CONF Menu

Configuration parameters of ALARM -1 output


Technician can access to the following menu by pressing menu changing next button

## ALn2 CONF Menu

Configuration parameters of ALARM -2 Output


Technician can access to the following menu by pressing menu changing next button


By pressing SET button, technician can access to the menu page and to all parameters in this menu page.

### 5.6 Changing and Saving Parameters

Example-1: To change Process Input Type parameter 1551
Process Input Type parameter 155 L is in "PınP Conf" menu, so PınP ConF menu must be accessed firstly in order to reach 155 p parameter.


When L[P5 screen is shown, technician parameters can be seen by pressing SET button without entering password. But parameters can not be changed.
Please refer to Section 6.2.9. (Technician Password)


## DiSP List Menu

It defines which parameter will be shown on top and bottom display

Technician can access to the
 following menu by pressing menu changing next button Technician can access to the former menu by pressing menu changing back button.

PINP CONF Menu
Configuration parameters of process input

Technician can access to the former menu by pressing menu changing back button.

PINP CONF Menu
When Menu button is pressed, technician can access to the menu pages.


Process Input Type
Selection
TC input type is selected


Press Set button to confirm the value and access to the next parameter.

TC Input Type Selection


For accessing to the
menu changing next and


Press Set button to access to the next parameter


Press Menu button for turning to the operation screen


## Operation Screen

Example-2 : Changing operation form from "Auto" to "Manual" and adjustment of \% output. If operation form is Auto (Close-Loop Control) and there is an output with PID or ON/OFF control form, device controls the process outputs by calculating the \% output values automaticaly.
If operation form is Manual (Open-Loop Control) and there is an output with PID control form, then \% output value can be adjusted with increment and decrement buttons.
If operation form is Manual (Open-Loop Control), and there is an output with ON/OFF control form, then \%output value can be adjusted "OFF", "HEAT" or "COOL" with decrement and increment buttons.
If operation form is Manual, \% output value is shown on bottom display whatever bd5P parameter is.
(i) Auto/Manual Operation Form can be adjusted Auto or Manual with A/M button from front panel. For using this button, Auto/Manual Operation Type Selection Parameter Prte must be $\square \mathrm{na}$.
For details on this parameter, refer to Section 6.2.8 General Parameters.


$\qquad$
Proportional band parameter $P$ is in "Pıd Conf" menu, so "Pıd Conf" menu must be accessed firstly.

Operation Screen
${ }^{\circ}$


When " $P$ " button is pressed, Technician Menu Entering screen is shown.

When L[P5] screen is shown, technician parameters can be seen by pressing SET button without entering password. But parameters can not be changed. Please refer to Section 6.2.9 ( Technician Password)

Technician can access to the former menu by pressing menu changing back button.

Technician Menu Entering Screen


Technician can access to the following menu by pressing menu changing next button


DiSP List Menu
It defines which parameter will be shown on top and bottom display


Technician can access to the following menu by pressing menu changing next button


## PINP CONF Menu

Configuration parameters of process input

Technician can access to the former menu by pressing menu changing back button.


Technician can access to the following menu by pressing menu changing next button

PID CONF Menu
PID algorithm parameters

Technician can access to the former menu by pressing menu changing back button.


Parameter can be changed with increment and decrement buttons


Proportional Band Selection
150


Press Set button to confirm the value and access to the next parameter

Pid CONF Menu
When Menu button is pressed, technician can access to the menu pages.


For accessing to the other menus, press menu changing next and back buttons.

Press Menu button to turn to the operation screen


Operation Screen

Example-4 : To change $=-=$ Voltage / Current Input Calibration Type Selection parameter $u[R L \ln$ "PınP Conf" menu
$\omega[R L$ Parameter is in "PınP ConF" menu. For accessing to this parameter, technician must access to "PınP ConF" menu firstly. In this example, changing input type of a device from thermocouple to $=$ Voltage / Current and dual point calibration selection is shown.


Technician Menu Entering screen is shown. Password Entering Screen is shown
Enter password with increment and
decrement buttons

If password is not 0 , Technician Password Entering Screen is shown.
When E[P5] screen is shown, technician parameters can be seen by pressing SET button without entering password. But parameters can not be changed. Please refer to Section 6.2.9 ( Technician Password)


Technician can access to the following menu by pressing menu changing next button


DiSP List Menu
It defines which parameter will be shown on top and bottom display

Technician can access to the former menu by pressing menu changing back button.



Technician can access to the former menu by pressing menu changing back button.


Press Set button to confirm the value and access to the next parameter

$\overline{=-}$ Voltage / Current Input Type Selection


Press Set button to access to the next parameter

## Decimal Point Position



Parameter can be changed with increment and decrement buttons


Parameters are divided into two groups. They are Process / Alarm Set parameters and Technician parameters. Technician parameters are grouped into subgroups according to their functions. The subgroups are named as menu pages.

### 6.1 Process / Alarm SET Parameters



Process set value
P5EL Process set value can be adjusted from minimum value of set scale $5 \mathrm{~L}-\mathrm{L}$ to maximum value of set scale $5 \mathrm{~L}-\mathrm{u}$

RL F 1 Set value for alarm output-1
RLr i Process set value can be adjusted from minimum value of set scale $5 \mathrm{~L}-\mathrm{L}$ to maximum value of set scale $5 \mathrm{~L}-\mathrm{u}$
RL 〕 S Set value for alarm output-2.It is accessible if $\square[n F$ parameter is $\square$
RL $r \mathrm{C}$ Process set value can be adjusted from minimum value of set scale $5 \mathrm{~L}-\mathrm{L}$ to maximum value of set scale $5 \mathrm{U}-\mathrm{u}$

For changing Alarm Output-1 and Alarm Output-2 Set values, Alarm Set Values protection parameter Prt I must be no


## 6．2．1 Selection of PID Tune and Operation Form

## レールー

## TUNE SELECTION

By selecting one of the methods below，device can determine the PID parameters．

$\square \square$| Device operates according to the defined PID |
| :--- |
| parameters |

## Return <br> Auto tune（Limit Cycle Tuning）operation

「レぃ

## Rt． 5 t

## Auto－Self Tune

Self Tune operation is performed，if the conditions are realized when power on firstly．In normal operation，it controls the tune conditions in Auto Tune selection which explained below．If any of the conditions is realized，it performs the Auto Tune operation．

## R上にゥ AUTOMATIC TUNE SELECTION



Device does not do Btu（Limit Cycle Tuning）operation or while Run operation runs，this selection is adjusted $n \square$ and Auto Tune operation is canceled．

コに】 If Kun parameter is Run or RESt，when the conditions for Auto Tune parameter that are explained in Tune Methods section are realized，it starts to perform Auto Tune（Limit Cycle Tuning）operation．

By pressing AT button，Automatic Tune can be selected $\triangle E 5$ or $\square$ no For being able to use AT button，AT（Auto Tune）Button protection parameter Pry 3 Must be $\square$ no．（For details，refer to Section 6．2．8 General Parameters）

## TUNE METHODS

There are 2 different methods for determining PID parameters by the device. These are Auto tune ( Limit Cycle Tuning) and Self Tune (Step Response Tuning) methods.

Determining of PID parameters with Auto Tune is started in these conditions:
1-By the user in any time,
2-By the device when system gets unstable and starts oscillation
If process value is out of Set $\pm$ Process value stabilisation $5 t r n$ value (Please refer to Section 6.2.4) and starts to oscillates, then device changes the
REL $n$ Parameter to UES and Auto Tune operation is started.
3- After changing set value, if difference between newly defined set value and former set value is greater than proportional band, device will start it.

If set value is changed to a value that is greater than;
$\pm[$ Scale * (Heating or Cooling Proportional Band)]/1000 value,
RLEN Parameter is adjusted UES by the device and Auto Tune operation is started.

## Example -1 : Starting Auto Tune operation by the user ;

- Enter technician menu.
- Adjust tune selection parameter Lunnin"run List" menu, Auto Tune Run Or Auto -Self Tune RL. St
- Adjust automatic tune selection parameter REL in"run List" menu YE S And return to main operation screen.
- Observe that "AT" led is active.

If Auto Tune operation finishes without any problem, device saves the PID coefficients to memory and continue to run. BEEn Parameter is adjusted $n$ no automatically.

Canceling Auto Tune operation:
1-If sensor breaks;
2- If Auto Tune operation can not be completed in 8 hours
3-Ifuseradjusts bun parameter $\square$ no or Stun
4- If user adjusts RLL parameter $\square$ no
5-If process set value is changed while Tune operation is being performed
6- While Tune operation is being performed, if operation type selection is changed as "Manual" when it is "Automatic" (If operation type selection is changed as "Automatic" when it is "Manual", then Tune operation is started again)
7- If output function is changed while Tune operation is being performed (Heat $\Rightarrow$ Cool, Cool $\Rightarrow$ Heat)
8 -While Tune operation is being performed, if control form is changed as "ON/OFF" when it is "PID" (If control form is changed as "PID" when it is "ON/OFF", the Tune operation is started again)

Auto Tune is canceled. Then, without doing any changes in PID parameters and RE $n$ Parameter, device continues to run with former PID parameters.

## For Auto Tune (Limit Cycle Tuning) operation :

1-Tune section parameter tun in "run List" menu must be selected Run Auto tune or $R t 5 t$ Auto -Self tune.
2 - For being started Tune operation (Auto Tune or Self Tune) control form must be P, PI, PD or PID.
3 - If process set value is changed while Tune operation is being performed, Tune operation is canceled.

Auto Tune (Limit Cycle Tuning) operation;
if heating or heating-cooling function and PID control form is selected, process control output runs according to heating if cooling function and PID control form is selected, process control output runs according to cooling .


Self Tune ( Step Response Tuning ) :
When power is on, while process value starts to change for being equal to process set value, PID parameters are determined by the device with Self Tune method.

For starting Self Tune ( Step Response Tuning ) operation firstly power off and then apply power to the device. Also difference between process value and set value must be too much.

## Example 2 : Determination of PID parameters with Self Tune method

- Enter technician menu
- Select tune selection parameter tun in "run List" menu Stun or Rt.5t and turn to operation screen.
- Power off the device.
- Wait system to be in first conditions.
(For example : Decrease of the temperature to ambient temperature while controlling the temperature)
- Apply power to the device
- See that "AT" led is active

If heating or heating-cooling function and PID control form is selected for the system;
If set value is greater than process value, process output becomes active till to the Temperature+[(Set - Temperature)/ 2] value. When process value reaches to this value, process output reduces to $0 \%$ and it calculates the PID coefficients.

## For Self Tune (Step Response Tuning) operation :

1-Tune selection parameter Kun in "run List" menu must be selected Self tune Stun Or Auto-Self Tune Rt.5t
2 - For Self Tune (Step Response Tuning ) operation, firstly power off and then apply power to the device.
3 - For being started Tune operation (Auto Tune or Self Tune) control form must be P, PI, PD or PID.
4 - If process set value is changed whileTune operation is being performed, Tune operation is canceled.


If cooling function and PID control form is selected for the system;
If set value is less than process value, process output becomes active till to the Temperature - [(Temperature-Set) / 2] value. When process value reaches to this value, process output is reduced to $0 \%$ and it calculates PID coefficients.


## For Self Tune (Step Response Tuning) operation :

1 - Tune selection parameter tun in "run List" menu must be selected Self tune Stun Or Auto-Self Tune Rt. St
2 - For Self Tune (Step Response Tuning ) operation, firstly power off and then apply power to the device.
3 - For being started Tune operation (Auto Tune or Self Tune) control form must be P, PI, PD or PID.
4 - If process set value is changed whileTune operation is being performed, Tune operation is canceled.

If Self Tune operation is finished without any problem, device saves new PID parameters to memory and runs. It changes tun n parameter.
If tun n parameter is $5 t u \pi$ it is changed to $\square n a$, if it is $R t 5 t$, it is changed to Run

If Self Tune operation is interrupted at half, PID parameters and turn parameter are not changed, device continues to run with former PID parameters. When power is off and then on, device starts to complete the Self Tune operation.

Canceling Self Tune operation :
1-If sensor breaks;
2-If Self Tune operation can not be completed in 8 hours ;
3-While heating Self Tune operation is running, if process value becomes greater than Set value;
4-While cooling Self Tune operation is running, if process value becomes less than Set value;
5-If user selects tun parameter no or Rtun
6- If process set value is changed while Tune operation is being performed
7- While Tune operation is being performed, if operation type selection is changed as "Manual" when it is "Automatic"
8- If output function is changed while Tune operation is being performed (Heat $\Rightarrow$ Cool, Cool $\Rightarrow$ Heat)
$9-$ While Tune operation is being performed, if control form is changed as "ON/OFF" when it is "PID" (If control form is changed as "PID" when it is "ON/OFF", the Tune operation is started again)

Self Tune operation is canceled. Then device continues to run with former PID parameters without changing PID parameters.

## For Self Tune (Step Response Tuning) operation :

1-Tune selection parameter tun in "run List" menu must be selected Self tune Stun Or Auto-Self Tune Rt.5t
2 - For Self Tune (Step Response Tuning ) operation, firstly power off and then apply power to the device.
3 - For being started Tune operation (Auto Tune or Self Tune) control form must be P, PI, PD or PID.
4 - If process set value is changed while Tune operation is being performed, Tune operation is canceled.

BUMPLESS TRANSFER


Process output value in manual control is not taken into consideration while passing from manual control to automatic control．New control output that is measured in automatic control is applied to process output．
Last \％output value is taken output value of manual control and manual control continues while passing from automatic control to manual control．
〕【】 While passing from manual control to automatic control， last process output value in manual control is accepted as first process output value in automatic control and automatic control continues to run．
Last \％process output value in automatic control is accepted as process output value of manual control and manual control continues to run．

## LE［［

ALARM LATCH CANCELING
$\square$ Alarm latch canceling is not performed．
Ч上】 If there is an alarm output with latching and there is no alarm status，latching operation will be finished by the device．When it is finished，this parameter becomes no Automatically．


## 6．2．2 Function Selection for Top and Bottom Display

$\boxed{\square \square \square \text { It defines the function of the top display．This parameter determines }}$ which value is shown in top display．

Process value（PV）is shown in top display．
Difference between process set value and process value
（SV－PV）is shown in top display．
bd5P
It defines the function of the bottom display．This parameter determines which value is shown in bottom display．
1 Process set value（SV）is shown in bottom display．
\％Output value that is applied to process control output is
shown in bottom display．

Er! Defines the process input type.
TC 1 TD input type selection
$\square=-=$ Voltage / Current input type selection.


Defines type and scale of the thermocouple for TC input. It is active if TC input type is selected.

| 2 |  |
| ---: | :--- |



Defines type and scale of sensor for RTD input. It is active if RTD input is selected.
1 PT-100 $\left(-200^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; 650^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \operatorname{or}\left(-328^{\circ} \mathrm{F} ; 1202^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$
$1 \mathrm{PT}-100\left(-199.9^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; 650.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \operatorname{or}\left(-199.9^{\circ} \mathrm{F} ; 999.9^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$


Defines input range and scale of $=$-_Voltage / Current input.It is active if $=-$ Voltage / Current is selected.

|  | 0...50mV =-- (-1999; 9999) |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 0...5V $=-$ ( -1999; 9999) |
| 1 | 0...10V $=-$ (-1999; 9999) |
| $\exists$ | 0...20mA $=-(-1999$; 9999) |
| 4 | 4...20mA $=-(-1999 ; 9999)$ |

Defines point position for displays. It is active if $=-=$ Voltage / Current input is selected.

|  | No point |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Between first and second digits "0.0" |
| 1 | Between second and third digits "0.00" |
|  | Between third and fourth digits. "0.000" |

It is active when $=$ Voltage / Current input is selected. It determines calibration type.

1 Fixed dual point calibration is done. It does not allow to adjust minimum and maximum value of calibration points. It can be adjusted from -1999 to 9999
IIt allows to do selectable dual point calibration.
It allows to define 16 calibration points.


It defines minimum value for selectable dual point calibration. It is active if $=$-_Voltage / Current input is selected. It can be adjusted from -1999 to 9999.
It defines maximum value for selectable dual point calibration. It is active if $=$ _Voltage / Current is selected. It can be adjusted from-1999 to 9999.


In multi point calibration, calibration points are defined with these parameters.
It is active if $=$ Voltage / Current is selected. It can be adjusted from -1999 to 9999.
In multi point calibration operation, defined scale is divided into 16 calibration points.
For example : 415 L is $\quad 0(0-50 \mathrm{mV}=-\mathrm{C})$.



Coefficient value for $=$ Voltage／Current input．Process value is multiplied with this value．
It is active if $\ldots$ Voltage／Current input is selected．It can be adjusted from 1.000 to 9.999 ．


OLUnitis ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
OF Unit is ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$

$\square$ If Unit is U．It is active if $=$－Voltage／Current input is selected
－No unit．It is active if $=-$ Voltage／current input is selected


Minimum value of operating scale．It can be changed according to input type and scale of the process．

LII Maximum value of operating scale．It can be changed according to input type and scale of the process．

Display offset for process value．It can be adjusted－10\％to＋10\％of scale．The defined value is added to process value．

F！


It is active if process input is selected TC input．It decides if cold junction compensation is active or not．

はた Cold junction compensation is active．
ワロ Cold junction compensation is not active．

If any output is configured as heating PID ;


If no output is configured as PID;
Only od, Sou parameters are accessible in PID CONF menu.


Relay Output: Output period must be short for stable process control. Relay must not be used in short output periods because of limited life of their relay contact (number of open/close events). Relay output must be used as control output in values near to 30 seconds or greater than this value.
SSR Output : If short output period is needed in a system (approximately 1-2 seconds) SSR driver output as last control element is recommended.





$$
\text { If } a-d b>0 \quad \text { (Dead Band) }
$$



If $a-d b<0$（Overlap Band）


## 巨ににい SENSORBREAK OUTPUTVALUE <br> （FOR HEATING PID 0．0\％，100．0\％） <br> （FOR COOLING PID－100．0\％，0．0\％）

When sensor breaks，controlling of the process can continue by entering \％output value to 5bou parameter．
If this parameter 0.0 ，process control output does not perform an output when sensor breaks．

It can be adjusted from 0 to 9999 with increment and decrement buttons． When the device power on，if the Soft start set value different from＂ 0 ＂，and temperature value is lower than soft start value on heating processes， device starts soft start operation，until temperature reaches soft start set value．On soft start device output period is SSCt parameter value and device control output is SSCo parameter value．

## ミミロ Soft Start Control Output

It can be adjusted from $10 \%$ to $90 \%$ with increment and decrement buttons．

## ミミ「に Soft Start Control Period

It can be adjusted from 0 to 100 sec with increment and decrement buttons．

It determines if Process Output（ SSR Driver Output ）and Alarm Output－2 operates together or not．
$\square$ Process Output（SSR Driver Output）and Alarm Output－2
i Process Output（SSR Driver Output）and Alarm Output－2 operates together．Alarm functions of Alarm Output－2 can not be used

ローローI It determines output functions of Process Outputs
HERE Heating
［aol Cooling
LEMIII It determines control algorithms of Process Outputs
anal ON／OFF control algorithm
P10）PID control algorithm


Hysteresis value of Process Outputs．It can be adjusted from $0 \%$ to $50 \%$ of full scale．（ It is active if ON／OFF control is selected ）

It determines operation form of hysteresis
（It is active if ON／OFF control is selected）
$1 \mathrm{SV}+\mathrm{HYS} / 2$ and $\mathrm{SV}-\mathrm{HYS} / 2$
i SV and SV＋HYS or SV and SV－HYS
In ON／OFF operation，this time must be passed for the output to be energised again．It can be adjusted from 0.0 to 100.0 seconds．
（It is active if ON／OFF control is selected）

It determines logic output function for Alarm Output-1
Alarm output
Manual / Automatic data output
Which is define with minimum value of operating scale band
LOL And maximum value of operating scale LPL

It determines alarm type for Output-1. It is active if logic output function of Alarm Output-1 is alarm output.

| 17 Process high alarm |
| :---: |
| ! Process low alarm |
| $\square$ İ Deviation high alarm |
| I Deviation low alarm |

4 Deviation band alarm
I Deviation range alarm

## Process high alarm



Process low alarm


Process Value
Deviation high alarm


## Deviation Iow alarm

Alarm


Process Value
Deviation band alarm


Deviation range alarm


Process Value


Alarm- 1 hysteresis value.
it can be adjusted from $0 \%$ to $50 \%$ of process input scale ( $\triangle P L-L \square L$ ) It is active if logic output function of Alarm Output-1 is alarm output.

Alarm on delay time for Alarm Output-1. It can be adjusted from 0 to 9999 seconds. It is active if logic output function of Alarm Output-1 is alarm output.

Alarm off delay time for Alarm Output-1. It can be adjusted from 0 to 9998 seconds. When the value is greater than $9998, L E[H$ is seen on the screen. It means alarm latching output is selected. It is active if logic output function of Alarm Output- 1 is alarm output.


Alarm stabilisation time for Alarm Output-1. It can be adjusted from 0 to 99 second. It is active if logic output function of Alarm Output-1 is alarm output. After the unit is power-on and Alarm Stabilisation Time is expired, if an alarm condition which is selected with Alt1 is present, thenAlarm output-1 becomes active.

＂Aln2 Conf＂Menu is accessible if oink parameter in ＂PCnF ConF＂is $\qquad$ $\square$
－ロルで It determines logic output function for Alarm Output－2


Alarm output
Manual／Automatic data output
IT Sensor break alarm output
7 Output is active when the process value is out of the band which is defined with minimum value of operating scale
LaL And maximum value of operating scale $\angle P \mathrm{~L}$


It determines alarm type for Output－2．It is active if logic output function of Alarm Output－2 is alarm output．



## Process high alarm



Deviation high alarm


## Deviation low alarm

Alarm
Output



Process Value
Deviation band alarm
Alarm


Process Value

## Deviation range alarm

Alarm


Process Value


Alarm- 2 hysteresis value.
it can be adjusted from $0 \%$ to $50 \%$ of process input scale
( $\angle P L-L \square L$ ) It is active if logic output function of Alarm Output -2 is alarm output.
Alarm on delay time for Alarm Output-2. It can be adjusted from 0 to 9999 seconds. It is active if logic output function of Alarm Output-2 is alarm output.

Alarm off delay time for Alarm Output-2. It can be adjusted from 0 to 9998 seconds. When the value is greater than $9998, L L[H$ is seen on the screen. It means alarm latching output is selected. It is active if logic output function of Alarm Output-2 is alarm output.


Alarm stabilisation time for Alarm Output-2. It can be adjusted from 0 to 99 second. It is active if logic output function of Alarm Output-2 is alarm output. After the unit is power-on and Alarm Stabilisation Time is expired, if an alarm condition which is selected with Alt2 is present, then Alarm output-2 becomes active.

5!-L Minimum value for process set and alarm set values. It is named as low limit of set scale.
It can be adjusted from low limit of input selected with 155 p parameter to $5 \mathrm{~J}-\mathrm{U}$ parameter.
Please refer to Section 6.2.3 Process Input Type and Relevant Parameters with Process Inputfor 1.55 L parameter
$51- \pm$ Maximum value for process set and alarm set values. It is named as high limit of set scale.
It can be adjusted from $5 \mathrm{~L}-\mathrm{L}$ to high limit of input selected with 155 L Parameter.
Please refer to Section 6.2.3 Process Input Type and Relevant Parameters with Process Input for 155 L parameter

## Prt!

## Alarm Set Values Protection

$\Pi \square$ Alarm Set values can be changed
UE5 Alarm Set values can not be changed. Alarm set values


## Prte

AUTO / MANUAL Selection Button Protection
$\square \square \begin{aligned} & \text { Auto or Manual selection is possible with A/M button in } \\ & \text { Main Operation screen }\end{aligned}$
UE5 Auto or Manual selection is not possible with A/M button in Main Operation screen

PrL〕 AT (AUTO TUNE) Button Protection
$\because \square \begin{aligned} & \text { Limit Cycle Tuning operation can be active or inactive with } \\ & \text { AT (Auto Tune) Button in Main Operation screen }\end{aligned}$
』■ Limit Cycle Tuning operation can not be active or inactive with AT (Auto Tune) Button in Main Operation screen

に「に It is used for accessing to the technician parameters．
It can be adjusted from 0 to 9999 ．
If it is $\quad 0$ ；there is no password protection while entering to the technician parameters．

If it is different from＂ 0 ＂and user wants to access to the technician parameters；
1－If technician does not enter $L[P 5$ password correctly：
It turns to operation screen without entering to operator parameters．
2－When $E[P 5$ in top display and $\square$ in bottom display is observed， if technician presses SET button without entering $E[P 5$ password （For observing parameter）
Technician can see all menus and parameters except Technician Password menu（＂Pass Conf＂），but parameters can not be changed． （ Please refer to Section 7．Failure Messages（4）in ESM－7730 Process Controllers ）


1 - Sensor failure in analogue inputs. Sensor connection is wrong or there is no sensor connection.


2 - If value on top display blinks: If analogue input value is less than minimum value of operating scale $L \square L$ value on the top display starts to blink.

In "PınP Conf" Menu if;


If analogue input value is less than minimum value of operating scale LoL Value on the top display starts to blink.
(i)

Please refer to Section 6.2.3 for detailed information about this parameter.


3 - If value on top display blinks : If analogue input value is greater than maximum value of operating scale uPL top display starts to blink.

In "PınP Conf" Menu if;

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \qquad 551 \Rightarrow \square \square ; L[5 L \Rightarrow \square ; \text { un it } \Rightarrow \square \square[ \\
& \text { Loi } \Rightarrow 1999 ; \text { UPL } \Rightarrow 900.1 \text { are defined } \\
& \text { Adjust } u P L \Rightarrow 850 .
\end{aligned}
$$

If analogue input value is greater than maximum value of operating scale $u$ il value on the top display starts to blink.

## (i) <br> Please refer to Section 6.2.3 for detailed information about this parameter.



4 - If technician password is different from "0" and technician accesses to the parameters by Set button without entering the technician password and wants to change a parameter, device does not allow to do any changes in parameters. If increment or decrement button is pressed, a warning message will appear on the bottom display as shown on the left.


5 - If tuning operation can not be completed in 8 hours, AT led starts to blink. Blinking can be canceled by pressing Enter button.

For details on parameters, refer to Section 6.2.1


6 - If user does not do anything for 120 seconds while device is on technician menus, device turns to operation screen.


## 8. Specifications

Device Type
Housing\&Mounting

## Protection Class

Weight
Environmental Ratings
Storage/Operating Temperature Storage/Operating Humidity Installation
Over Voltage Category
Pollution Degree : II, office or workplace, none conductive pollution
Operating Conditions
Supply Voltage and Power

Process Inputs
Thermocouple Input Types
: Process Controller
: $72 \mathrm{~mm} \times 72 \mathrm{~mm} \times 87.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ DIN Size 43700 plastic housing for panel mounting. Panel cut-out is $69 \times 69 \mathrm{~mm}$.
: NEMA 4X (IP65 at front, IP20 at rear).
: Approximately 0.20 Kg .
: Standard, indoor at an altitude of less than 2000 meters with none condensing humidity.
: $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
: 90 \% max. (None condensing)
: Fixed installation
: II
: Continuous
: 100-240 V~ (-15\% / +10\%) 50/60 Hz 6VA
24 V ~ (-15\% / +10\%) 50/60 Hz 6VA
$24 \mathrm{~V}=-\mathrm{( }-15 \% /+10 \%) 6 \mathrm{~W}$
$12 \mathrm{~V}=-\mathrm{( }-15 \% /+10 \%) 6 \mathrm{~W}$
: Universal input TC, RTD, =-- Voltage/Current
: Selectable by parameters

L (DIN43710) ,
J,K ,R ,S ,T ,B ,E ,N (IEC584.1)(ITS90) , C (ITS90)
Thermoresistance Input Types : PT 100 (IEC751) (ITS90)
$=-$ Voltage Input Types $\quad:$ Selectable by parameters $0 . .50 \mathrm{mV}=, 0 . .5 \mathrm{~V}=$, $0 . .10 \mathrm{~V}=$
$\overline{--}$ Current Input Types
: Selectable by parameters $0 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}=, 4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}=$

| Accuracy | $: \pm 0,25 \%$ of full scale for thermocouple, thermoresistance and voltage, <br> $\pm 0,70 \%$ of full scale for current. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cold Junction Compensation | : Automatically $\pm 0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. |
| Line Compensation | Maximum $10 \Omega$ |
| Sensor Break Protection | : Upscale |
| Sampling Cycle | : 3 samples per second |
| Input Filter | : 0.0 to 900.0 seconds |
| Control Forms | : Programmable ON / OFF, P, PI, PD or PID. |
| Relay Output | : 2 pieces 5A@250V ~ (at resistive load) (Programmable control or alarm output) (Electrical Life :100000 operation (Full Load)) |
| Standard SSR Driver Output | : Maximum 17mA, Max. 25V =-- |
| Process Display | : 13.2 mm Red 4 digits LED Display |
| Set Display | : 9.1 mm Green 4 digits LED Display |
| Led Indicators | : AT (Auto Tune), M (Manual Mode), A (Automatic Mode), PSET ( Process Set value), ASET1 (Alarm-1Set value), ASET2 (Alarm-2 Set value), PO (Process Output ) , AO1 ( Alarm Output-1) , AO2 (Alarm Output-2) ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F} /$ $\checkmark$ unit leds |
| Approvals | : UL Recognized Component (File No : E 254103), GOST-R, C $\epsilon$ |

## 9. Other Informations

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